Writing Overview KS2

Pupils should be taught to:
 plan their writing by: identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own, noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary
 in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed
 draft and write by: selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning
 in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action, précising longer passages, using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs, using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining]
 evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing, proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning, ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing, ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors
Pupils should be taught to:
plan their writing by: identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own, noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary
 in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed
 draft and write by: selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning
 in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action, précising longer passages, using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs, using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining]
 evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing, proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning, ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing, ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors

YEAR 4 Pupils should be taught to: • plan their writing by: discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar, discussing and recording ideas • draft and write by: composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2), organising paragraphs around a theme in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and sub-headings] • evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements. proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear. YEAR 3 Pupils should be taught to: • plan their writing by: discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar, discussing and recording ideas • draft and write by: composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2), organising paragraphs around a theme in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and sub-headings] • evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements, proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors • read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and

volume so that the meaning is clear.

Writing Overview KS1

YEAR 2	 Pupils should be taught to: develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) writing about real events writing poetry writing for different purposes consider what they are going to write before beginning by: planning or saying out loud what they are going to write
	 about, writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary, encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils, re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly] read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.
YEAR 1	Pupils should be taught to: • write sentences by saying out loud what they are going to write about, composing a sentence orally before writing it. • sequencing sentences to form short narratives • re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense • discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils • read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher