Progression of Skills Geography							
Skill	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Namident charathe to the L Kinga surro	ne and locate I city. ne, locate and	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.  Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a non-European country.	Name and locate geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (in hills, mountains and rivers).  Understanding physical geography through studying a region in a European country.  Name and locate the key topographical features including features of erosion, hills, mountains and rivers.  Understand how these features have changed over time.	Identify the position and significance of Equator, N. and S. Hemisphere, Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn.  Identify the position and significance of latitude/longitude and the Greenwich Meridian. Linking with science, time zones, night and day	Locate the main countries in North or South America. Locate and name principal cities, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries and other major cities.  Compare a region in UK with a region in N. or S. America with significant differences and similarities.  Compare 2 different regions in UK coastal town/urban city.	Locate and name the main counties and cities in England.  Locate the main countries in Europe. Locate and name principal cities, concentrating on environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics  Locate and name principal cities of France, concentrating on environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics.  Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (inc the location of Russia) and North and South America, Linking with local History, map how land use has changed in local area over time.  Linking with history, compare land use maps of UK from past with the present, focusing on land use.  Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a European country.	

Skill	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Skill Human and Physical Geography	Identify seasonal/daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the equator and the North and South poles.  Use basic Geographical vocabulary to refer to physical features of their school and its grounds and of the surrounding environment.	Year 2  Use basic Geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features (inc – beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather) and human features (inc city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour, shop) of a contrasting non-European country.	Pear 3  Describe and understand key aspects of:  Physical geography including key topographical features (including hills, mountains, rivers and the water cycle including transpiration)  Physical geography including Volcanoes and earthquakes, looking at plate tectonics and the ring of fire.  Human geography including human characteristics and features of a European country and its major cities.	Year 4  Describe and understand key aspects of  Physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts	Year 5  Describe and understand key aspects of:  Physical geography including coasts.  Types of settlements in Viking, Saxon Britain linked to History.  Types of settlements in modern Britain: villages, towns, cities.  Describe and understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a South America.	Year 6  Describe and understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a European country.  Describe and understand key aspects of:  Distribution of natural resources focussing on energy  Human geography including trade between UK and Europe and ROW  Fair/unfair distribution of resources (Fairtrade).
Skill	Year 1	Year 2	Voor 3	Voar /	Year 5	Year 6
Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.  Use locational and directional language (eg, near and far, left and right), Describe the location of features and routes on maps.  Use photographs to recognise	Use maps, atlases and globes to identify the continents and oceans studied at this key stage.  Use simple compass directions (North, East, South and West), to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Begin to use eight points of a compass.	Year 3 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.	Year 4  Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied  Learn the eight points of a compass, and four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied.  Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied.

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basic human and	photographs and plan	past a	nd present	
physical features;	perspectives to			
devise simple	· recoonise anomarks			
picture maps.	and basic human and			
Use simple	physical features:			
fieldwork and	devise a simple map;			
observational skills	and use and construct			
to study the	basic symbols in a			
geography of their school and its	key.			
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